

Light Italic
Regular
Regular Italic
Semibold
Semibold Italic
Bold
Bold Italic
Black
Black Italic

ONE MIGHT WONDER: Why bother? Bookman has had its day. It's a has-been. Some might argue that it's no great loss. But I believe it's a typographical gem that's never been properly revived.

ITC's redesign in the Seventies took it so far from its roots that it should have been called something else. But that's the "Bookman" we've been stuck with—like it or not—for a long time. The original, for the most part, has been lost to us. My aim was to go back to the earlier Bookmans and make a typeface that would restore the dignity (as well as frivolity) that was lost.

As with any revival, it's an interpretation. I've leaned heavily toward the more refined look of the display sizes of the older Bookmans. Nevertheless, it also works well for text, although the effect is different than the old Bookmans at smaller sizes. (I hope to do a Bookmania Text someday that has the look and feel of the old text sizes.)

I tried to picture what ATF's Morris Fuller Benton would have done if he had developed Bookman Oldstyle the way he did Cheltenham Oldstyle. Bookman Oldstyle (and most later Bookmans) had a certain unpolished look. There is some charm to this, but I wanted to see the same fit and finish that Benton gave to his Cheltenham and Century faces.

Like traditional Bookmans, the italic is a slanted roman. But it's not *just* slanted. It's optically corrected to eliminate the unavoidable distortion that comes from simply slanting the characters. I considered giving it a "cursive" italic, but it

wouldn't look like Bookman if I did, so I kept the slanted roman. It does have the advantage of being easier to read than cursive italics.

What would a Bookman revival be without the swashes? I looked at all the different ones that were added over the years and decided to do an anthology of the best. I added a few of my own ideas, but tried to keep them as much in the spirit of Bookman swashes as I could.

One thing that has been lacking in previous Bookmans is typographic "niceties." With this in mind, I added small caps, old style figures, tabular and proportional figures, swash ligatures, and—why not?—swash small caps.

The range of weights in the earlier Bookmans varied a lot. The earliest ones had just a "regular" weight. Sometimes a boldface was added. Some in the film font era had more weights. The ITC version had four. Bookmania is similarly weighted, but with one more on the light end for a total of five weights: Light, Regular, Semibold, Bold, and Black.

Some characters differ between roman and italic: g, g, &, &, \$, \$. I've included the counterpart variation as an option in each style. There are also a few lowercase alternates to give Bookmania a more contemporary-looking italic. Finally, I added COMMONCASE CAPS, which are seen in some type revivals in the Sixties, inspired by Bradbury Thompson's alphabet 26.

All features (even the swashes) are included in all weights and styles.

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3,185 Good Reasons to Use Bookmania.

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SWASHES

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OLD STYLE FIGURES

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COMMONCASE CAPS

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TABULAR & PROPORTIONAL FIGURES

1967 & 1967

BECOME

1967 & 1967

FRACTIONS

44/100

BECOMES

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OPTIONAL "CURSIVE" CHARACTERS

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ALTERNATE CHARACTERS

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Question 17

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DISCRETIONARY LIGATURES

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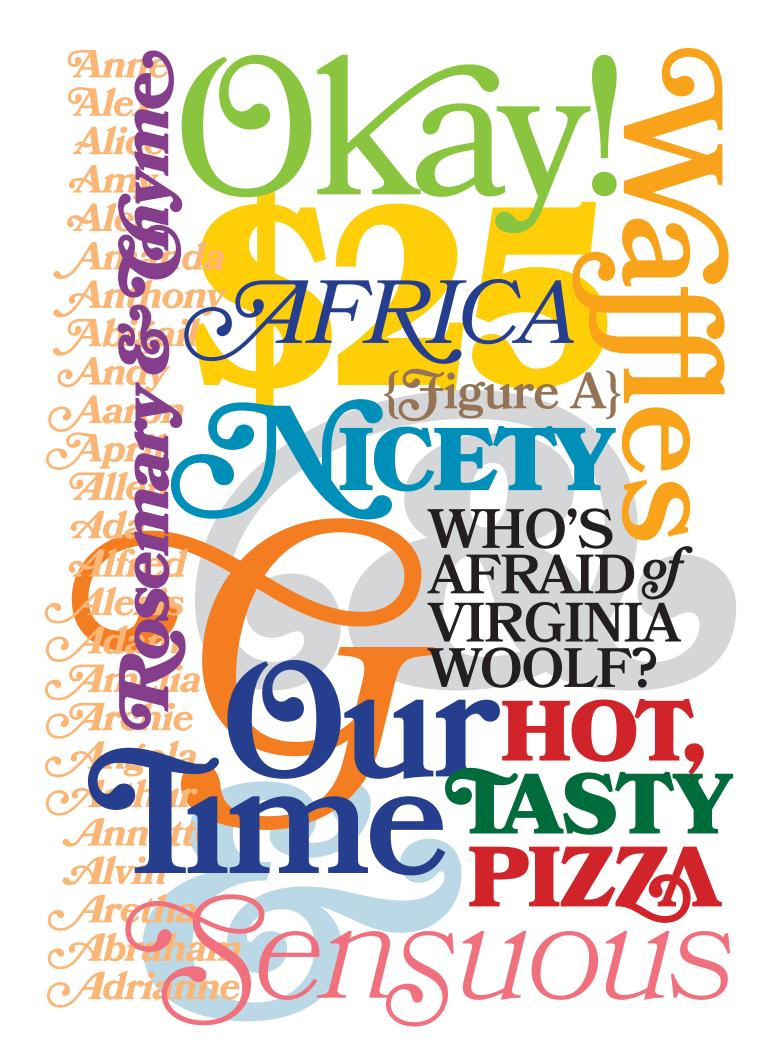
Boatloads of Swashes. (Don't Worry. You Don't Have to Use Them.*)

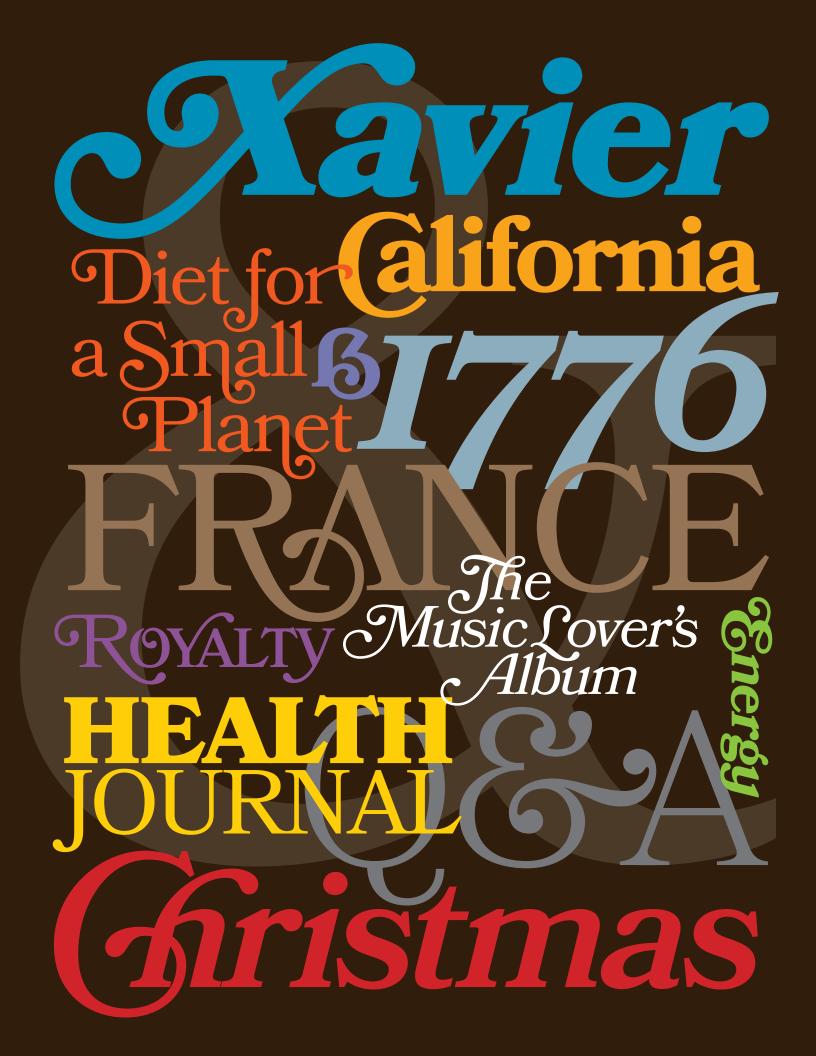
*Well...maybe just a little bit.

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Miller & Richard's Antique Old Style (1858)

Sol Hess' New Bookman (1927)



Photo Bookman & neo-Bookman (c. 1960s)

BookmanOldstyle

ATF Bookman Oldstyle (c. 1901)

What I call "Sixties Bookman" (c. 1965)

essentially modern interpretations of Caslon's types.) It differed from the later Bookman Oldstyle in many details.

Other foundries imitated the design. The Bruce Foundry did **Old Style Antique** #310 and followed in 1901 with an improved version called Bartlett Oldstyle. Shortly after, The Bruce Foundry joined American Type Founders and Bartlett Oldstyle was renamed "Bookman Oldstyle."

The new name came from Wadsworth A. Parker, who is also credited with adding the first few swash characters to Bookman, six in the roman and nine in the italic. Bartlett/Bookman Oldstyle seems to have originated the "slanted roman" italic that has been a characteristic feature of all Bookmans (with two recent exceptions).

Bookman Oldstyle was adapted to Monotype casters in 1909. Other foundries copied it, including Ludlow, which added a different set of swash characters. Sol Hess designed New Bookman for Monotype in 1927, a more refined version with wedgeshaped serifs. Monotype and Barnhart Brothers & Spindler produced their own "Bold" and "Bold Condensed" styles.

However, none of these earlier metal faces could be mistaken for Sixties

Meola Bookman (c. 1970)

Bookman. It's closest to the larger sizes of ATF Bookman Oldstyle, but significantly bolder, with more contrast between the thicks and thins than other Bookmans and with smaller serifs. Sixties Bookman expanded on ATF Bookman's modest but distinctive swash character repertoire with 25 in the roman and 47 in the italic.

One unfortunate thing about Sixties Bookman's italic is that most of the characters are slanted mechanically, with no optical correction. VGC, maker of the Typositor, created their own version using the same name, but with optically correct italics and a somewhat different set of swash characters.

Other Bookmans appeared in film type and process lettering from houses such as Photo-Lettering (Photo Bookman) and Headliners International (neo-Bookman). Photo Bookman is basically Bookman Oldstyle with "mod" swash letters. Neo-Bookman is more closely based on Sixties Bookman, but with five weights. Another design, called Meola Bookman, had 197 rather clumsily-drawn swash characters, and only a single weight.

By 1970, the most ubiquitous Bookman was Sixties Bookman. Where did it come

Bookmania tory.

IN EARLY 2006, I did a custom font for a client based on the old display font, Bookman Bold Italic with Swash. Along with Bookman Bold with Swash, it originated sometime in the mid-1960s. I have so far been unable to find out who designed and produced it. I think of it as the "Sixties Bookman."

Sixties Bookman was widely available by 1970 in film fonts, as well as rub-down and cut-out type. Letraset catalogs credited the design to Miller & Richard, a Scottish type foundry. This is stretching the truth a bit. Miller & Richard did produce a face around 1858, a precursor to Bookman Oldstyle, called Antique Old Style No. 7. Designed by A. C. Phemister, it was a heavy variation of a face called "Old Style." (Nineteenth-century Old Style faces were



Book covers (c. 1960s & 1970s)



ITC Bookman (1975)



Monotype Bookman Old Style (c. 1986)



"Dave, they're playing our song."

From a United Airlines ad (1967)

from? I've yet to see a credit for the designer or maker of this version. The best theory I have is that it was a custom font created for ad campaign in the mid-sixties. Someone who had access to it made copies. And before long, every typesetting shop had it. Whatever the story is, this version of Bookman was everywhere. I had Sixties Bookman on rub-down type sheets when I was in high school in the early Seventies discovering type.

In 1975, ITC released ITC Bookman (four weights, with italics), designed by the talented Ed Benguiat. ITC Bookman was a bold departure from previous versions. The lowercase height was enlarged (in keeping with the fashion of the time), the swashes were more reserved, and—significantly—it had a "cursive" italic, instead of the slanted roman of earlier Bookmans. This italic was not related to the style used in Bookman's Antique Old Style ancestors, which were more like the italics of Caslon or Century Old Style. Instead, it is more like the italics of Bodoni or Century Schoolbook.

By the end of the 1970s, ITC Bookman was a hit and was eclipsing the older Bookmans, including Sixties Bookman. When it was chosen as one of the fonts



Book covers, etc. (c. 1960s & 1970s)

included on Apple's LaserWriter II in the mid-1980s—making it one of the earliest fonts available for desktop publishing—the eclipse became total.

To make matters worse (at least for fans of the old Bookmans), Monotype created Bookman Old Style, a family of fonts with the same metrics and proportions as ITC Bookman. In the details, it looks more like the old Bookmans, but it has a similar "cursive" italic and enlarged lowercase.

Between them, ITC Bookman and Bookman Old Style have taken over the Bookman "space" in the minds of most designers, and the older—and I'd say handsomer—Bookmans are scarce to nonexistent in the digital font world.

MUCH OF THIS WAS ON MY MIND when I was digitizing Sixties Bookman for my client. Such a cheesy old typeface, I thought, but it sure is fun drawing these swashes....

Then I had a thought. What if I took two of the best old Bookmans—Bookman Oldstyle (specifically, the larger sizes) and the mysterious but ubiquitous Sixties Bookman, and did a revival based on *them?* Completely redrawn and refined—not a facsimile of the old fonts. With every



Bookmania (2011)

previous swash character ever concocted for Bookman (within reason) and as many new ones as I can think of. Small caps, old style figures. Swash small caps. Plenty of weights. Ligatures. Swash ligatures! I was experiencing "Bookmania."

682 swash characters later, it's finished. I fear I may have gone too far with the swashes, but I don't regret it. Bookmania is my love letter to the classic Bookmans. It's a kind of throwback (ITC Bookman was progress, right?), but it's also brand new, designed for the digital age.

And, really, you can completely ignore those gawdy swashes if you like, and appreciate the quiet dignity of plain old



Bookmania Light & Light Italic

BOOKMANIA LIGHT & LIGHT ITALIC

1964 DESIGN TREND, 1969 TYPOGRAPHIC STYLE, 1975 CLICHÉ
1. SMALL CAPS. 2. OLD STYLE FIGURES. 3. SWASHES. 4. ALTERNATES 5.
Miller & Richard's Antique No. 7, Bruce's Bartlett Old Style, ATF'S Book
1964 DESIGN TREND, 1969 TYPOGRAPHIC STYLE, 1975 CLICHÉ
1. SMALL CAPS. 2. OLD STYLE FIGURES. 3. SWASHES. 4. ALTERNATES 5.
Miller & Richard's Antique No. 7, Bruce's Bartlett Old Style, ATF'S Book

18 ON 20 POINT

WHAT IS THE ESSENCE of the vaunted metric system? Not its unit of measurement, certain ly. That is founded on an admittedly erroneou s geographic measure. It lies in its consistent use of the one decimal division in all measur es of length, superficies and capacity. From the highest to the lowest, all values may be expressed in one series of figures, divided where

14 ON 16 POINT

WHAT IS THE ESSENCE of the vaunted metric system? *Not i* ts unit of measurement, certainly. That is founded on an a dmittedly erroneous geographic measure. It lies in its con sistent use of the one decimal division in all measures of l ength, superficies and capacity. From the highest to the lo west, all values may be expressed in one series of figures, divided where required by the decimal point. All vulgar fr actions, no matter how convenient, have to give way to thi

12 ON 13 POINT

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Bookmania Regular & Regular Italic

BOOKMANIA REGULAR & REGULAR ITALIC

1964 DESIGN TREND, 1969 TYPOGRAPHIC STYLE, 1975 CLICHÉ 1. SMALL CAPS. 2. OLD STYLE FIGURES. 3. SWASHES. 4. ALTERNATES 5. Miller & Richard's Antique No. 7, Bruce's Bartlett Old Style, ATF'S Boo 1964 DESIGN TREND, 1969 TYPOGRAPHIC STYLE, 1975 CLICHÉ 1. SMALL CAPS. 2. OLD STYLE FIGURES. 3. SWASHES. 4. ALTERNATES 5. Miller & Richard's Antique No. 7, Bruce's Bartlett Old Style, ATF'S Boo

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Bookmania Semibold & Semibold Italic

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Bookmania Bold & Bold Italic

BOOKMANIA BOLD & BOLD ITALIC

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ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ& ÁÀÂÄÄÅÄÄÄÆÆÇĆČĈĎĐÉÈÊËĒĔĘĚ ŊĞĢĜĠĤĦÎÎÎÏĪĮĨĬIJĴĶŁĹĻĽĿÑŃŅŇÓÒÔ ÕØŌŐŎØŒŔŖŘŠŚŞŞŜŢŤŦÚÙÛÜŪŮŰ ŲŬŨŴÝŶŸŸŽŹŻĐÞ

LATIN LOWERCASE

abcdefghijklmnopqrsítuvwxyz áàaãaåaāaææçćčccddeèeëeĕeĕejğġġħĥiîï īįĩĭijjĵķlĺļľŀñńņňņóòôöŏøōőŏœŕŗřšśşşŝßţťŧ úùûüūůűųŭűwŵwwýŷÿÿžźżðþ

LATIN LOWERCASE SUPERIORS

abdeèilmnorst

LATIN SMALL CAPS

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ& ÁÀÂÄÄÅĀĀÆÆÇĆČĈĎĐÉÈĒĒĒĘĔŊĞĢĜĠĦÎÎÎ ÏĪĮĨĬIJĴĶŁĹĻĽĿÑŃŅŇÓÒÔÖŐØŌŐŎØŒŔŖŘŠŚŞŞ ŜŢŤŦÚÙÛÜŪŮŰŲŬŨŴÝŶŶŸŽŹŻĐÞ

SWASH & ALTERNATE CAPITALS (ACCENTED CHARACTERS NOT SHOWN)

SWASH & ALTERNATE LOWERCASE (ACCENTED CHARACTERS NOT SHOWN)

FLOATING ACCENTS

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LOWERCASE LIGATURES

fb ff fh fi fj fk fl ffb ffi ffj ffk ffl

PROPORTIONAL & TABULAR LINING FIGURES

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PROPORTIONAL & TABULAR OLDSTYLE FIGURES

11234567890 11234567890

SUPERSCRIPT AND SCIENTIFIC INFERIOR FIGURES

(--.,\$\$¢1234567890) (--.,\$\$¢1234567890)

FRACTION FIGURES

(--.,\$\$) 1234567890/1234567890 (--.,\$\$)

PRE-BUILT FRACTIONS

1/2 1/4 3/4

CURRENCY (STANDARD AND OLDSTYLE)

other figure-related characters (standard and oldstyle) #%%0 #%%0

MATHEMATICAL OPERATORS

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DASHES, DELIMITERS AND CONJOINERS

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PUNCTUATION

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MISCELLANEOUS

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UPPERCASE VARIANTS

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ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ &AAÂAÂĀĀĀĀĀĀÆÆÇĆČĈĊĎĐÉÈĒĒĒĘ ĚŊĞĢĜĠĤĦÍÌĨĬĪĮĨĬIJĴĶŁĹĻĽĿÑŃŅŇÓÒ ÔÕØŌŐŎØŒŔŖŘŠŚŞŞŜŢŤŦÚÙÛÜŪŮ ŰUŬŨŴÝŶŶŸŽŹŻĐÞ

LATIN ITALIC LOWERCASE

abcdefghiijklmnopqrsſtuvwxyz áàâäãåāāąææçċčċċďđéèêëēĕęĕŋġġĝġħĥîîï īįĩĭijjĵķłĺĮľŀñńṇňṇóòôöŏøōőŏœŕŗřšśşşŝßţťŧ úùûüūůűųŭűwŵŵwÿŷÿÿžźżðþ

LATIN ITALIC LOWERCASE SUPERIORS

abdeèilmnorst

LATIN ITALIC SMALL CAPS

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ& ÁÀÂÄÄÄĀĀĀÆÆÇĆČĈĎĐÉÈÊËĒĔĘĔŊĞĢĜĠĦÎÎÎ ĬĪĮĨĬIJĴĶŁĹĻĽĿÑŃŅŇÓÒÔÖÕØŌŐŎŒŔŖŘŠŚŞŞ ŜŢŤŦÚÙÛÜŪŮŰŲŰŨŴÝŶŶŸŽŹŻĐÞ

SWASH & ALTERNATE ITALIC CAPITALS (ACCENTED CHARACTERS NOT SHOWN)

SWASH & ALTERNATE ITALIC LOWERCASE (ACCENTED CHARACTERS NOT SHOWN

ITALIC FLOATING ACCENTS

A \ / ~ · · · · · · · · · · · /

ITALIC LOWERCASE LIGATURES

fb ff fh fi fj fk fl ffb ffi ffj ffk ffl

ITALIC PROPORTIONAL & TABULAR LINING FIGURES

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ITALIC PROPORTIONAL & TABULAR OLDSTYLE FIGURES

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ITALIC SUPERSCRIPT AND SCIENTIFIC INFERIOR FIGURES

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ITALIC FRACTION FIGURES

(-.,\$\$) 1234567890/1234567890 (--.,\$\$)

PRE-BUILT ITALIC FRACTIONS

1/2 1/4 3/4

ITALIC CURRENCY (STANDARD AND OLDSTYLE)

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OTHER FIGURE-RELATED ITALIC CHARACTERS (STANDARD AND OLDSTYLE)

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ITALIC MATHEMATICAL OPERATORS

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ITALIC DASHES, DELIMITERS AND CONJOINERS

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ITALIC QUOTES

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ITALIC PUNCTUATION

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MISCELLANEOUS ITALIC

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ITALIC UPPERCASE VARIANTS

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Stylistic Sets 1–20 provide access to alternate characters designed to give Bookmania a different look. Sets may be combined when software allows. Bookmania includes descriptive names for stylistic sets. These names will appear instead of generic "Set 1, Set 2, Set 3..." in applications that support it. Accented characters are not shown in this table, but are fully represented. Stylistic Sets require application and/or operating system support.

TABLE OF STYLISTIC SETS	Off (Standard Appearance)	On (With Stylistic Set Applied)	
Set 1 Cursive Forms on a, g, & y	angry	angry	
	angry	angry	
Set 2 Roman/Italic Alternates	Qg&\$	Qg&\$	
	<i>Q&&\$</i>	Qg&\$	
Set 3 Commoncase Caps on A, E, M, & N	AMERICAN	american	
	AMERICAN	american	
Set 4 Jenson "e"	eagles	eagles	
	eaģles	eagles	
Set 5 Traditional Old Style Figure One	1910	1910	
	1910	1910	
Set 6	RAFTERS	RAFTERS	
Wavy Crossbars on A, F, & E	RAFTERS	RAFTERS	
Wavy Crossbars on A, F, & E Set 7		RAFTERS WAVMJELQE	
Set 7 Other Alternates Set 8	WAVMSELQe	WAVMJELQE	
Set 7 Other Alternates	WAVMSELQe WAVMSELQ	WAVMJELQe wavmjelq	
Set 7 Other Alternates Set 8	WAVMSELQe WAVMSELQ Antique	WAVMJELQE WAVMJELQ Antique ANTIQUE	
Set 7 Other Alternates Set 8 Curved A	WAVMSELQe WAVMSELQ Antique ANTIQUE	WAVMJELQE WAVMJELQ Antique ANTIQUE Lake (alhoun	
Set 7 Other Alternates Set 8 Curved A Set 9	WAVMSELQe WAVMSELQ Antique ANTIQUE Lake Calhoun	WAVMJELQE WAVMJELQ Antique ANTIQUE Lake (alhoun	
Set 7 Other Alternates Set 8 Curved A Set 9 Wrapping C and L	WAVMSELQe WAVMSELQ Antique ANTIQUE Lake Calhoun Lake Calhoun	WAVMJELQE WAVMJELQ Antique ANTIQUE Lake (alhoun Lake (alhoun	

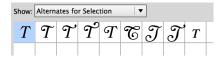
TABLE OF STYLISTIC SETS (CONTINUED)	Off (Standard Appearance)	On (With Stylistic Set Applied)
Set 11 Top Left Swash, Curved	A M N T A M N T	A M N T A M N T
Set 12 Middle Swash, Curled	A A M O A A M O	A A M O
Set 13 Middle Swash, Wavy	AATTKS AATTKS	A A C C K S A A C C K S
Set 14 Bottom Left Swash, Medium	АН <i>NX</i> АН <i>NX</i>	ДН <i>ŊХ</i> ДН <i>ŊX</i>
Set 15 Bottom Left Swash, Short	A H M f A H M f	AHM f AHM f
Set 16 Bottom Left Swash, Long	A G M S A G M S	A G M S A G M S
Set 17 Bottom Right Swash, Short	C E <i>K R</i>	С
Set 18 Bottom Right Swash, Long	C E <i>K R</i>	G E K, R,
Set 19 Top Right Swash, Short	НК <i>NW</i> ки <i>wx</i>	HKNW
Set 20 Top Right Swash, Long	НК <i>NW</i> ки <i>wx</i>	HKNW KNWX

ABOUT THE SWASH CHARACTERS

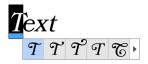
It might be possible to design a font like this to have swash characters chosen automatically somehow, but there are just too many possibilities. Therefore, I believe that the selection of swash characters is best left in the hands of the user. Besides, choosing swashes is part of the fun of using Bookmania.

USING THE GLYPH PALETTE

Swash characters can be selected and inserted from the glyph palette or glyph window in your graphics application. Professional applications such as InDesign, Illustrator, and QuarkXPress have this capability. This is probably the simplest way to use swash characters.



Some applications, such as InDesign CC, offer other ways to visually select alternate characters, such as displaying them below the selected character in a pop-up menu.



USING STYLISTIC SETS

If you are using Bookmania as a webfont, it is not possible to specify swash glyphs directly. However, via CSS, you can use stylistic sets, which are supported by most modern web browsers. By applying specific stylistic sets individually or in combinations to characters in your text, you can cause any of the hundreds of swash character to be displayed. These "recipes" and more details are available in a separate document, *The Bookmania Cookbook*, at which may be downloaded at marksimonson.com.

Example Recipe

Let's say you want to get this look:

American Splendor

Start with this text:

American Splendor

Then, using CSS, apply the following stylistic sets to the characters to get the swash glyphs:

$$= A + ss07 + ss10 + ss16$$

$$= S + ss10$$

$$n = n + ss17$$

$$r = r + ss13$$

STYLISTIC MAPPING (PLAIN, ITALIC, BOLD, BOLD ITALIC)

PLAIN	ITALIC	BOLD	BOLD ITALIC	
Light	Italic			
Regular	Italic	Bold	Bold Italic	
Semibold	Italic			
Black	Italic			

In many applications, you can apply italic or bold styling to a font. Doing so will have the effects listed in the table above. Only the regular style will accept the bold style. If bold is applied to the other weights (light, semibold, or black), please be aware that a fake bold may be produced in some applications.

LANGUAGES SUPPORTED

Afrikaans, Albanian, Asu, Basque, Bemba, Bena, Bosnian, Catalan, Chiga, Colognian, Cornish, Croatian, Czech, Danish, Dutch, Embu, English, Esperanto, Estonian, Faroese, Filipino, Finnish, French, Friulian, Galician, Ganda, German, Gusii, Hungarian, Icelandic, Inari Sami, Indonesian, Irish, Italian, Jola-Fonyi, Kabuverdianu, Kalaallisut, Kalenjin, Kamba, Kikuyu, Kinyarwanda, Latvian, Lithuanian, Lower Sorbian, Luo, Luxembourgish, Luyia, Machame, Makhuwa-Meetto, Makonde, Malagasy, Malay, Maltese, Manx, Meru, Morisyen, North Ndebele, Northern Sami, Norwegian Bokmål, Norwegian Nynorsk, Nyankole, Oromo, Polish, Portuguese, Romanian, Romansh, Rombo, Rundi, Rwa, Samburu, Sango, Sangu, Scottish Gaelic, Sena, Shambala, Shona, Slovak, Slovenian, Soga, Somali, Spanish, Swahili, Swedish, Swiss German, Taita, Teso, Turkish, Turkmen, Upper Sorbian, Vunjo, Walser, Welsh, Western Frisian, Zulu

NOTE: Access to extended language features requires application and/or operating system Unicode support.

OPENTYPE FEATURES SUPPORTED

Small Caps from Lowercase, All Small Caps, Swash Characters, Standard Ligatures, Discretionary Ligatures, Historical Ligatures, Stylistic Alternates, Stylistic Alternate Sets, Contextual Alternates, Case-Sensitive Forms, Ordinals, Class-Based Kerning, Proportional Lining Figures, Tabular Lining Figures, Proportional Oldstyle Figures, Tabular Oldstyle Figures, Fractions, Superscript, and Scientific Inferior.

NOTE: Access to OpenType features requires application and/or operating system support for OpenType.





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